

## SIZEMIC **Body-size and ecosystem** dynamics: Integrating pure and applied approaches from aquatic and terrestrial ecology to support an ecosystem approach

1<sup>st</sup> Workshop of the ESF Research Networking Programme SIZEMIC

# Trophic dynamics in ecosystems: feeding interactions, species identity and body size

April 5-7<sup>th</sup>, 2008 University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom

Organisers: Richard Law (University of York) and Julia Blanchard (Cefas) Supported by the European Science Foundation (ESF), and the Centre for Environment, Fisheries & Aquaculture Science (CEFAS) and the University of York





#### **OUTLINE**

- There are two main paradigms for thinking about trophic dynamics of large numbers of interacting species: (1) webs with nodes of known species of fixed body size joined by feeding links; (2) size spectra of organisms of unknown species that grow and die through eating one another.
- Experiments and size-based models of few interacting species show, however, that body size, individual growth and species identity all contribute to the complex webs that determine the structure and function of ecosystems.
- This first SIZEMIC workshop aims to generate dialogue about the merits and shortcomings of the research methods currently in use. The intention is to spark off new and exciting research directions that integrate and break down current research boundaries.
- The workshop will set the scene for subsequent SIZEMIC activities, which will be focused on collaborative research and meetings. We welcome scientists with research interests in traditional food webs, size-spectra, aquatic ecosystems, terrestrial ecosystems, and from both academic and applied realms. In particular, we encourage participation by researchers interested in developing research beyond the traditional approaches to trophic interactions in ecosystems.

#### **KEYNOTE SPEAKERS**

The workshop will begin with a day of stimulating talks from internationally recognised ecologists including: Joel Cohen (Rockefeller and Columbia University, USA), Ulrich Brose (Darmstadt University of Technology, Germany), Simon Jennings (Cefas, UK), and Lennart Persson (Umeå University, Sweden).

#### **GROUP DISCUSSION**

- A combination of plenary and break-away group discussions will take place over the following day and a half. The aim of the discussions will be to generate topics for research that could form the basis of working groups over the lifetime of the SIZEMIC (2007-2011). Groups will report back to the meeting at the end and submit proposals (1-page max) to be evaluated and ranked by the Steering Committee of SIZEMIC. Appropriate proposals will go forward as funded working groups of SIZEMIC up to the financial limits set for the programme as a whole. Funds will be available for visits and meetings of participants of the working groups.
- We ask participants to choose the topic area they are most interested in from the list below as a part of their application to attend the workshop.

#### **TOPICS**

In an attempt to organise structure and integration within the principles of SIZEMIC, we have formulated some core topics around a set of provocative statements. They may sound fairly one-sided – the aim isn't to be conventional. But neither is the aim to be confrontational; we already know there is merit to different viewpoints! How convincing are the statements? Do you have evidence or arguments for or against them? Are there ways forward to rigorously evaluate them?

## 1. From data to webs – does it really matter how we aggregate for understanding the big picture?

There are a bewildering number of ways in which we can lump species or individuals into groups to describe food web interactions and macroecological patterns. Does using species or taxonomic averages result in the same emergent patterns as when variation due to individual body size or life history stage is accounted for?

#### 2. Interaction strengths at the individual or species level?

Moving from observed patterns to model design. In describing model foodwebs, some might say that interaction strengths are meaningless. Trophic interactions change as organisms grow within a species. One cannot assume all individuals within a species are identical. Should the focus be at the individual level or at the species level? Does scaling from the individual to the population at this stage mask critical foodweb interactions?

#### 3. Where does species identity (or size) matter the most?

In terrestrial systems species identity matters and body size is unimportant. In aquatic systems the reverse is true. Terrestrial and aquatic systems have entirely different kinds of trophic dynamics and need to be treated separately.

## 4. Time for a paradigm shift in biodiversity?

Species identity does not matter: a kilogram of tuna is the same as a kilogram of jellyfish! What matters for the functioning of an ecosystem is diversity of size structure. The traditional theory relating biodiversity and stability does not apply in size spectra. By promoting the diversity of size structure, species diversity will look after itself.

### 5. Is there more to life than species and body size?

What about life-histories? In many cases the ontogenetic changes on trophic interactions that occur are more discrete than continuous growth processes. What extent do life history processes like growth play a role in the ecological dynamics of the food web? The ecological parameters of food webs and size spectra are evolutionary variables and the trophic structure of an ecosystem will not be understood without understanding the processes that takes place within it.

**Applied ecology:** Rather than including a separate topic on applications such as effects of environmental variability and/or climate change, the aim is for this to be a crosscutting area that may be relevant and interest for all of the topic areas above. This should be kept in mind when considering each topic.

#### **VENUE AND TRAVEL**

The workshop will take place at Clare College, University of Cambridge, Cambridge UK, and will run from the evening of April 4<sup>th</sup> (arrival) for a 9:30 start on the 5<sup>th</sup> of April closing after lunch on April 7<sup>th</sup>.

For more information on Clare College and Cambridge visit the websites:

http://www.clare.cam.ac.uk/conferences/index.html

http://www.visitcambridge.org/visitors/

Stansted is the nearest of the "London" airports to Cambridge. It is mostly served by flights to and from mainland Europe, Ireland and elsewhere in the UK. Delegates travelling by air are asked to use budget airlines into Stansted where possible.

There are regular train (30 min. journey departing every hour) and bus (1 hr journey departing every hour) services from Stansted to Cambridge.

Website <a href="http://www.railtrack.co.uk/">http://www.railtrack.co.uk/</a>
Website <a href="http://www.gobycoach.com/">http://www.gobycoach.com/</a>

There are also regular train and bus services from/to London Heathrow and London Gatwick Airports as well as Central London and other parts of the UK.

#### **HOW TO ATTEND?**

Please provide on the attached application form:

- 1. a short CV
- 2. a brief explanation of why would like to attend
- 3. an indication of the topic area you wish to be a part of for the break-away group sessions

Please send your application by email to <u>sizemic@cefas.co.uk</u> no later than noon Thursday, Dec. 20<sup>th</sup>, 2007!.

Once applications are processed we will notify all attendees in early January 2008. Delegates will then receive information packs and travel advice.

We have funding to contribute to accommodation and travel expenses for successful European applicants; non-European participants are welcome on a self-funding basis. Please state if you can partially or fully cover your own expenses. Delegate expenses will be reimbursed following the workshop. There is a maximum attendance of 50.

### **CONTACTS**

Please send all workshop applications to Maggi Churchouse: sizemic@cefas.co.uk

For other general inquiries about SIZEMIC, contact:

Chair of Steering Committee: Richard Law (rl1@york.ac.uk)

Programme Coordinator: Julia Blanchard (julia.blanchard@cefas.co.uk)

ESF Science Officer and Administrator: Bernard Avril (<u>bernard.avril@esf.org</u>) and Ellen Degott (<u>edegott@esf.org</u>) or <u>sizemic@esf.org</u>

Visit the SIZEMIC Programme websites: www.sizemic.org and www.esf.org/sizemic