Evaluation Procedures of the Max Planck Society



Max Planck Society for the Advancement of Science

Mission

- Advancing innovative and interdisciplinary research at the frontiers of knowledge
- Providing competitive research conditions for excellent researchers
- Promoting young researchers and international cooperation
- Devoted to basic research/open to application





(Max Planck, 1858 - 1947, Nobel Laureate 1918)



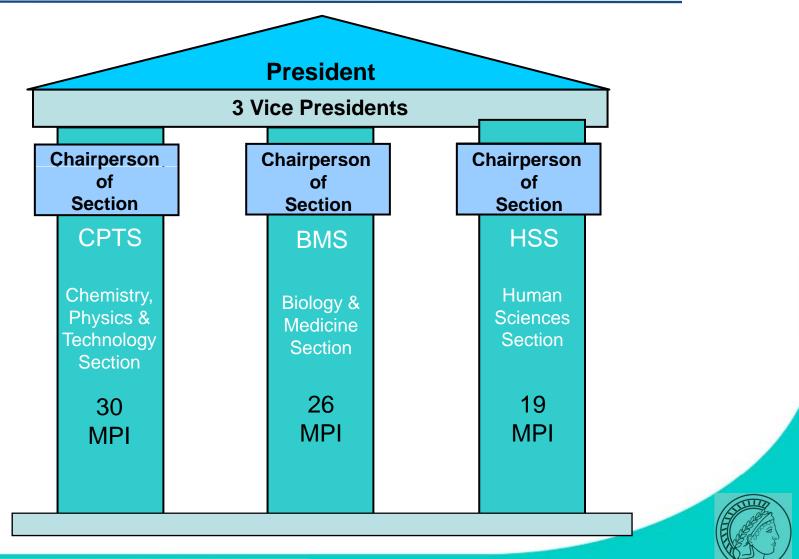
Max Planck Society for the Advancement of Science

78 Max Planck Institutes (MPI)
set emphasis on leading-edge research with
264 MP-Directors
~4 000 scientists, ~10,900 junior scientists,
~8 000 non-scientists
Annual budget: ~ 1,4 billion Euro

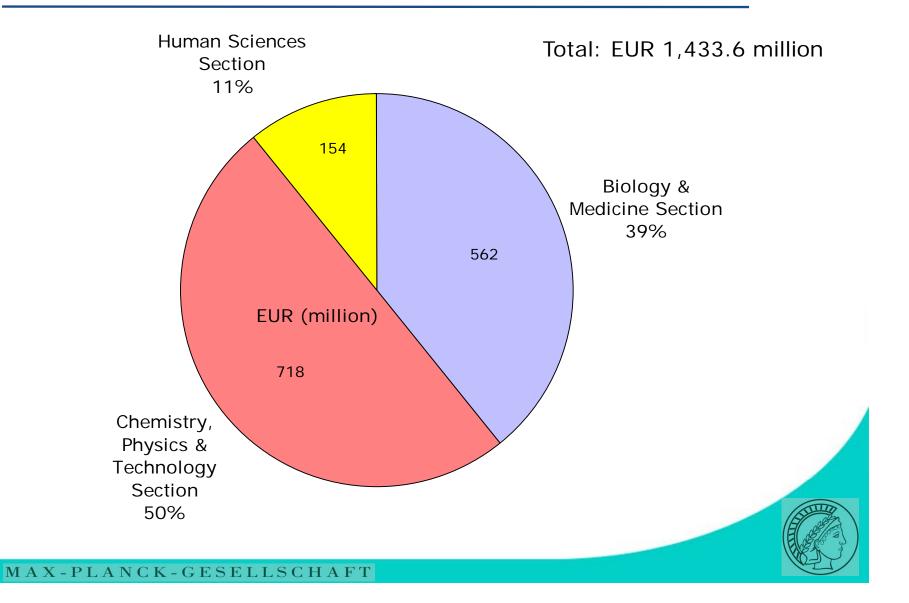
President of the Max Planck Society: Prof. Dr. Peter Gruss Secretary General: Dr. Barbara Bludau



Scientific Structure of the MPS



Expenditure 2007 of the MPG acc. to Sections



Evaluation in the Max Planck Society

Importance of Evaluation for the Max Planck Society

- ensuring high scientific quality
- assessment of the research
- discussion of research content and research strategy
- appropriate allocation of resources
- justification of the budget



Types of Evaluation in the Max Planck Society

Ex Ante Evaluation	Ex Post Evaluation	Others
 Establishing Institutes and IMPRS Appointments Program concepts Concepts for individual scientific proposals 	 Regular Evaluation of the Institutes performed every 2 years Extended Evaluation every 6 years IMPRS and other 	 System Evaluation commissioned by donors and granting agencies Structure oriented presidential committee Internal analysis of the activities and the performance

Peer Review



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Ex Ante Evaluation

Appointment of Scientific Members Peer Review based Evaluation Criteria

- originality of the candidate
- international ranking
- leadership qualities
- integration into the institute's research spectrum
- assessment of the potential contribution to institute's research concept



Ex Ante Evaluation

and:

- Independent Junior Research Groups
- Max Planck Research Groups at Universities
- Tandem Projects
- International Max Planck Research Schools
- Inter-Institutional Research Initiatives
- Individual Projects



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General aspects – significance of the institute

- Significance of the institute within its scientific field both in national and international specialist environments
- Evaluation of the scientific quality of the institute overall
- Development prospects of the research fields in which the institute is active
- Identification of the institute's scientific work that can be described as outstanding in all regards. Identification of new scientific ideas and fields with high development potential

Regarding individual departments and working areas

- Evaluation of projects on the basis of national and international performance levels
- Evaluation of medium-term working programs
- Evaluation of the personnel structure
- Appropriateness of relevant application of funds (including thirdparty funds)
- Cooperation within the institute, with other Max Planck Institutes, as well as external partners both in Germany and abroad
- Support for junior scientists

Recommendation for further development

- Proposals for changes and restructuring
- Ideas for the continuation or closure of departments or working areas, particularly in the case for forthcoming retirements



Evaluation using standardized categories

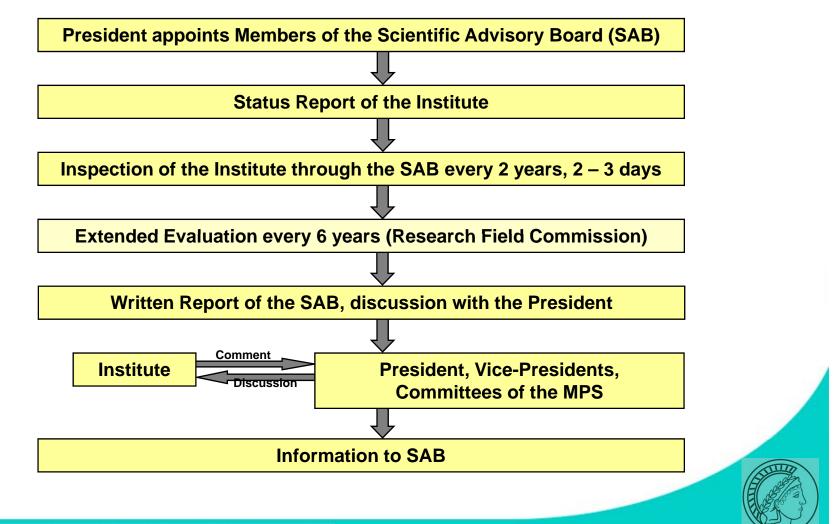
- Evaluation categories comprise national and international comparative benchmarks
- Designed to ensure a differentiated evaluation of the performance of the institute

outstanding: at the head of a broad research field both nationally and internationally

- **excellent:** a leader in its relevant research field both nationally and internationally
- very good: is a member of a broad group of national and international leaders, and is a leader in a specialist field very solid research when measured using national and international benchmarks
- average: average working results with limited impact when measured using both national and international benchmarks



Evaluation of an MPI - "informed peer-review"



Types of Evaluation in the Max Planck Society

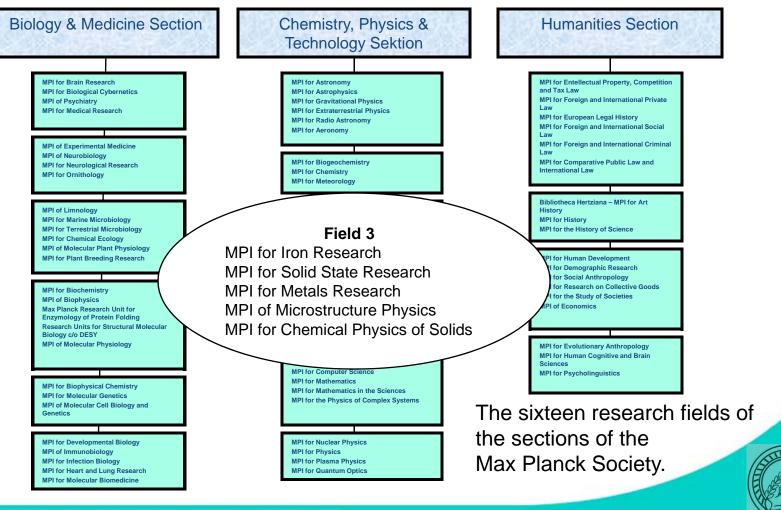
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Extended Evaluation

Example of a Research Field:



Extended Evaluation every 6 years

- 4 6 thematically and structurally similar institutes are organized into research fields
- president appoints two internationally reputed scientists per research field as rapporteurs
- attention given to inter-institutional comparative viewpoints within the research field
- thorough assessment of the institutes and the use of resources in the scope of the scientific importance of the research project
- a final discussion takes place in the research field committee and a written statement is drawn up

Additional aspects for an extended evaluation

- Extensive evaluation of the effective application resources of the institute and of its departments (including third-party funds), and their distribution relating to the scientific significance of research projects
- Proposals for changes taking into account cross-institute, comparative aspects of research facilities consolidated in one research field



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Peer Review







Thank you very much

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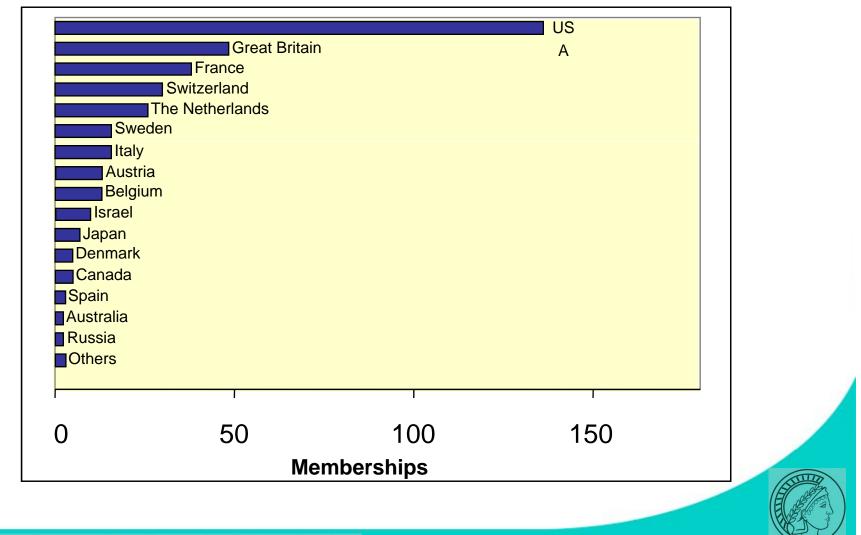


Members for the Scientific Advisory Board

- proposed by the institute
- appointed by the president for 6 years
- usually half are replaced after 6 years
- total 650 members
 (over 95 % are external, over 60 % are from abroad)



Countries of Origin



Contents of the Institute's Status Report

- Research concept
- Highlights of the research
- Publications
- Junior scientists and guest scientists
- Cooperation with national and international research facilities

- Budget
- Third-party funds
- Personnel structure
- Equipment and spatial arrangements

- Teaching activities
- Appointments, scientific awards, and memberships
- Contacts to the business world, politics, and society
- Events
- Public relations work



Meeting of the Scientific Advisory Board

- Day 1: Pre-Meeting + "closed session"
 - vice president welcomes members of the scientific advisory board and introduces to the MPS system
 - election of the chairman of the scientific advisory board
 - report of the managing director
- Day 2: lectures from individual departments
 - poster presentation
 - discussion with scientists in individual departments
- Day 3: closed meeting of the scientific advisory board
 - discussion with the president, vice president, and the directors
 - most important results are disclosed to the president/ vice president and a written report is prepared for the president



Report of the Scientific Advisory Board

- chairman writes the report in coordination with the other members
- discussion of the institute's standing in a national and international context
- evaluation of the scientific results and research performance
- evaluation of the scientific importance in relation to the allocation of funds incl. third-party funds
- opinion on future endeavors and concentrations

Report of the Scientific Advisory Board

- assessment of the cooperation within the institute and with external colleagues
- contains proposals for changes and restructuring
- recommends continuing or closing a department
- in individual cases, a confidential letter to the president is included with the report
- report is passed on to the institute
- comments of the institute are passed on to the president

